

House of Representatives

General Assembly

File No. 532

February Session, 2014

Substitute House Bill No. 5528

House of Representatives, April 14, 2014

The Committee on Public Health reported through REP. JOHNSON of the 49th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING ESSENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 19a-245 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 2 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2014*):
- 3 Upon application to the Department of Public Health, each health
- 4 district that has a total population of fifty thousand or more, or serves
- 5 three or more municipalities irrespective of the combined total
- 6 population of such municipalities, shall annually receive from the state
- 7 an amount equal to one dollar and eighty-five cents per capita for each
- 8 town, city and borough of such district, provided (1) the
- 9 Commissioner of Public Health approves the public health program
- and budget of such health district, [and] (2) the towns, cities and
- boroughs of such district appropriate for the maintenance of the health
- district not less than one dollar per capita from the annual tax receipts,
- and (3) the health district meets the requirements of section 3 of this
- 14 act. Such district departments of health are authorized to use
- 15 additional funds, which the Department of Public Health may secure

16 from federal agencies or any other source and which it may allot to 17 such district departments of health. The district treasurer shall 18 disburse the money so received upon warrants approved by a majority 19 of the board and signed by its chairman and secretary. The 20 Comptroller shall quarterly, in July, October, January and April, upon 21 such application and upon the voucher of the Commissioner of Public 22 Health, draw the Comptroller's order on the State Treasurer in favor of 23 such district department of health for the amount due in accordance 24 with the provisions of this section and under rules prescribed by the 25 commissioner. Any moneys remaining unexpended at the end of a 26 fiscal year shall be included in the budget of the district for the ensuing 27 year. This aid shall be rendered from appropriations made from time 28 to time by the General Assembly to the Department of Public Health 29 for this purpose.

Sec. 2. Section 19a-202 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2014*):

Upon application to the Department of Public Health any municipal health department shall annually receive from the state an amount equal to one dollar and eighteen cents per capita, provided such municipality (1) employs a full-time director of health, except that if a vacancy exists in the office of director of health or the office is filled by an acting director for more than three months, such municipality shall not be eligible for funding unless the Commissioner of Public Health waives this requirement; (2) submits a public health program and budget which is approved by the Commissioner of Public Health; (3) appropriates not less than one dollar per capita, from the annual tax receipts, for health department services; [and] (4) has a population of fifty thousand or more; and (5) meets the requirements of section 3 of this act. Such municipal department of health may use additional funds, which the Department of Public Health may secure from federal agencies or any other source and which it may allot to such municipal department of health. The money so received shall be disbursed upon warrants approved by the chief executive officer of such municipality. The Comptroller shall annually in July and upon a voucher of the

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

Commissioner of Public Health, draw the Comptroller's order on the State Treasurer in favor of such municipal department of health for the amount due in accordance with the provisions of this section and under rules prescribed by the commissioner. Any moneys remaining unexpended at the end of a fiscal year shall be included in the budget of such municipal department of health for the ensuing year. This aid shall be rendered from appropriations made from time to time by the General Assembly to the Department of Public Health for this purpose.

Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2014) Each district department of health and municipal health department shall ensure the provision of a basic health program that includes, but is not limited to, the following services for each community served by the district department of health and municipal health department: (1) Monitoring of health status to identify and solve community health problems; (2) investigating and diagnosing health problems and health hazards in the community; (3) informing, educating and empowering persons in the community concerning health issues; (4) mobilizing community partnerships and action to identify and solve health problems for persons in the community; (5) developing policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts; (6) enforcing laws and regulations that protect health and ensure safety; (7) connecting persons in the community to needed health care services when appropriate; (8) assuring a competent public health and personal care workforce; (9) evaluating effectiveness, accessibility and quality of personal and population-based health services; and (10) researching to find innovative solutions to health problems.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
sections.				
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2014</i>	19a-245		
Sec. 2	October 1, 2014	19a-202		
Sec. 3	October 1, 2014	New section		

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

Statement of Legislative Commissioners:

In two places in section 3, the phrase "or the municipal health department" was changed to "and municipal health department", for clarity.

PH Joint Favorable Subst.

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

OFA Fiscal Note

State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 15 \$	FY 16 \$
Public Health, Dept.	GF - Cost	approx.	None
_		25,000	
Public Health, Dept.	GF - Potential Savings	None	approx.
_			52,000 -
			307,000

Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 15 \$	FY 16 \$
Various Municipalities	Potential Revenue Loss	None	approx. 52,000 - 307,000

Explanation

The bill results in a cost of approximately \$25,000 to the Department of Public Health (DPH) in FY 15, a potential savings to DPH in FY 16 onward of approximately \$50,000 to \$300,000 and an equal, associated, potential revenue loss to district departments of health and municipal health departments in FY 16 onward. The bill requires that district departments of health and municipal health departments that are eligible to receive a per capita subsidy from DPH under existing statutes¹ also provide a health program that meets certain requirements under the bill. As criteria that demonstrate that departments are meeting these requirements are anticipated to be developed in FY 15, funding to departments may be affected in FY 16 onward, not in FY 15.

¹DPH expended \$4,662,487 for these subsidies in FY 13.

The \$25,000 cost to DPH is associated with hiring a consultant to redesign and reprogram DPH's web-based local health management system (also known as "Maven") to accommodate the measurement and tracking of health program criteria by district department of health and municipal health department. Should a department fail to meet the criteria that are developed and lose its per capita subsidy, a revenue loss to that department and a savings of the same amount to DPH would result. Of the 36 total district departments of health and municipal health departments receiving a DPH subsidy in FY 14, the smallest department² received \$52,079 and the largest³ received \$307,316. It is anticipated that, at most, one department may not meet criteria in FY 16 onward. Hence, the savings/revenue loss is reflected as a potential \$52,000 to \$307,000 in FY 16.

The Out Years

The potential savings/revenue loss identified above would continue into the future to the extent that departments fail to meet health program criteria and lose their per capita subsidy.

²Connecticut River Area Health District. ³North Central District Health Department.

OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5528

AN ACT CONCERNING ESSENTIAL PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES.

SUMMARY:

This bill requires municipal health departments, as well as local health districts with populations of 50,000 or more or that serve three or more municipalities, to provide a basic health program as a prerequisite to receiving annual funding from the Department of Public Health (DPH). The program must include:

- 1. monitoring the community's health status to identify and solve problems;
- 2. investigating and diagnosing health problems and hazards in the community;
- 3. informing, educating, and empowering people in the community regarding health issues;
- 4. mobilizing community partnerships and action to identify and solve health problems for people in the community;
- 5. developing policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts;
- 6. enforcing laws and regulations to ensure health and safety;
- 7. connecting people to health care when appropriate;
- 8. assuring a competent public health and personal care workforce;
- 9. evaluating the effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal and population-based health services; and

10. researching to find innovative solutions to health problems.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2014.

BACKGROUND

State Funding for Municipal Health Departments and Local Health Districts

Currently, (1) municipalities with populations of 50,000 or more or (2) local health districts with populations of 50,000 or more, or that serve three or more municipalities, must have a health and budget plan approved by the public health commissioner and appropriate at least \$1 per capita from the annual tax receipts for health services in order to receive annual funding from DPH. Municipal health departments must also employ a full-time health director. DPH contributes \$1.85 and \$1.18 per capita, respectively, to local health districts and municipalities that meet the criteria.

COMMITTEE ACTION

Public Health Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 25 Nay 0 (03/27/2014)